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The solution page of this book

https://www.seprodstore.com/ibaislpapermaterial



OR

Distributions of Ossations		Set 1		Set 2		Set 3		Set 4	
DIS	Distributions of Questions		P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2
	Standard Form			2				1	
	Approximation and Error	1		4		1		3	
4	Systems of Equations	4		7		7		4	
1	Arithmetic Sequences	2				3			
	Geometric Sequences	7		5		5		8	
	Financial Mathematics	11		10		13		12	
	Functions	5		3		12		6	
2	Quadratic Functions	14		12		8		13	
	Exp. and Log. Functions	12		8			4	10	
	Coordinate Geometry		1		2	2			1
	Voronoi Diagrams	10		9		11		9	
3	Trigonometry			6					
3	2-D Trigonometry	9			4	9			4
	Areas and Volumes		4				2	2	
	Statistics	3		1		4		5	
	Probability								
	Discrete Distributions					6			
4	Binomial Distribution	8		11				11	
	Normal Distribution		2	14		14			2
	Bivariate Analysis		3		1		1		5
	Statistical Tests	6			3		3	7	
5	Differentiation		5		5	10		14	
ပ	Integration & Trap. Rule	13		13			5		3

# Formula List of Applications and Interpretation Standard Level for IBDP Mathematics



Analysis & Approaches
Standard Level

Analysis & Approaches Higher Level

Applications & Interpretation Standard Level

Applications & Interpretation Higher Level

# 20

## **Binomial Distribution**

- ✓ Properties of a random variable  $X \sim B(n, p)$  following binomial distribution:
  - 1. Only two outcomes from every independent trial (Success and failure)
  - 2. n: Number of trials
  - 3. p: Probability of success
  - 4. X: Number of successes in n trials
- ✓ Formulae for binomial distribution:

1. 
$$P(X=r) = \binom{n}{r} p^r (1-p)^{n-r} \text{ for } 0 \le r \le n, \ r \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- 2. E(X) = np: Expected value of X
- 3.  $\operatorname{Var}(X) = np(1-p)$ : Variance of X
- 4.  $\sqrt{np(1-p)}$ : Standard deviation of X
- 5.  $P(X \le r) = P(X < r+1) = 1 P(X \ge r+1)$

# 21

### **Normal Distribution**

- ✓ Properties of a random variable  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  following normal distribution:
  - 1.  $\mu$ : Mean
  - 2.  $\sigma$ : Standard deviation
  - 3. The mean, the median and the mode are the same
  - 4. The normal curve representing the distribution is a bell-shaped curve which is symmetric about the middle vertical line
  - 5.  $P(X < \mu) = P(X > \mu) = 0.5$
  - 6. The total area under the curve is 1

## Applications and Interpretation Standard Level for IBDP Mathematics Practice Paper Set 2 – Paper 1 (90 Minutes)

#### **Question – Answer Book**

#### Instructions

- Attempt ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question - Answer Book.
- **2.** A graphic display calculator is needed.
- 3. You are suggested to prepare a formula booklet of Applications and Interpretation for IBDP Mathematics when attempting the questions.
- **4.** Supplementary answer sheets and graph papers will be supplied on request.
- Unless otherwise specified, ALL working must be clearly shown.
- 6. Unless otherwise specified, numerical answers should be either EXACT or correct to 3 SIGNIFICANT FIGURES.
- 7. The diagrams in this paper are **NOT** necessarily drawn to scale.
- **8.** Information to be read before you start the exam:



	Marker's	Examiner's				
	Use Only	Use Only				
Question Number	Marks	Marks	Maximum Mark			
1			6			
2			4			
3			5			
4			5			
5			6			
6			6			
7			6			
8			6			
9			5			
10			6			
11			7			
12			6			
13			6			
14			6			
Overall						
Paper 1			80			
Total			00			

**5.** The table shows the first four terms of three sequences  $x_n$ ,  $y_n$  and  $z_n$ .

n	1	2	3	4
$\mathcal{X}_n$	100	300	500	700
$\mathcal{Y}_n$	100	300	400	450
$Z_n$	100	300	900	2700

- (a) State which sequence is
  - (i) arithmetic;
  - (ii) geometric.
- (b) Find the 10th term of the arithmetic sequence.
- (c) Find the sum of the first 10 terms of the geometric sequence.

[2]

[2]

[2]

-	e function $N(t) = 16500(1.07)^t$ , where $t$ is the number of months after ary, 2019.	· 1			
(a)	Write down the number of followers of the account on 1 January, 20				
(b)	Find the number of followers of the account on 1 June, 2020, giving answer correct to the nearest integer.	[1] g the			
(c)	Find the year when the number of followers first reaches 500000.	[2]			
		[3]			

8.

<ul> <li>f passes through the point P(2,600).</li> <li>(a) Find an expression for f(x).</li> <li>[5] The point Q is a point on the positive x-axis with x-coordinate q. The area of the triangle OPQ is 1500, where O is the origin.</li> <li>(b) Write down the value of q.</li> <li>[1]</li> </ul>	13.	The derivative of $f$ is given by $f'(x) = \frac{1000}{x^2} + 500x$ , where $x \neq 0$ . The graph of						
[5] The point Q is a point on the positive <i>x</i> -axis with <i>x</i> -coordinate <i>q</i> . The area of the triangle OPQ is 1500, where O is the origin.  (b) Write down the value of <i>q</i> .		f passes through the point $P(2,600)$ .						
The point Q is a point on the positive $x$ -axis with $x$ -coordinate $q$ . The area of the triangle OPQ is $1500$ , where O is the origin.  (b) Write down the value of $q$ .		(a) Find an expression for $f(x)$ .	[5]					
		The point Q is a point on the positive $x$ -axis with $x$ -coordinate $q$ . The area						
		(b) Write down the value of $q$ .	[1]					
	-							

## AI SL Practice Set 2 Paper 1 Solution

**1.** (a) (i) 40 A1 N1

(ii) 1 A1 N1

(iii) 0 A1 N1

[3]

(b) The mean number of watermelons  $= \frac{(0)(12) + (1)(10) + (2)(6) + (3)(5) + (4)(5) + (5)(2)}{(41) \text{ for}}$ 

 $= \frac{(0)(12) + (1)(10) + (2)(6) + (3)(3) + (4)(3) + (3)(2)}{12 + 10 + 6 + 5 + 5 + 2}$  (A1) for correct formula

=1.675 A1 N2

(c) Discrete A1 N1

[1]

**2.** (a) The required perimeter

=120+350+370 (M1) for valid approach

= 840 cm=  $8.4 \times 10^2 \text{ cm}$  A1 N2

[2]

(b) The required area

 $=\frac{(120)(350)}{2}$  (M1) for valid approach

 $= 21000 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$ 

 $= 2.1 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2$  A1 N2

[2]

[2]